Parallel Program Design Tasks, Critical Path

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Foster's Methodology	Tasks	Degrees of concurrency	Critical path	Examples

Outline

Foster's Methodology

Tasks

Degrees of concurrency

Critical path

Examples

Foster's Methodology

- 1. *Partitioning*. Divide the computation into small tasks that can be done in parallel
- 2. *Communication*. Determine the communications between the tasks
- 3. *Aggregation (or agglomeration)*. Combine tasks and communications into larger tasks
- 4. *Mapping*. Assign the combined tasks to processes (or threads)

From Ian Foster, *Designing and Building Parallel Programs*, http://www.mcs.anl.gov/~itf/dbpp/

- We can decompose a computation into smaller parts or tasks
- The goal is to determine which can be executed in parallel
- Fine-grained decomposition: many small tasks
- Coarse-grained decomposition: small number of large tasks
- Task-dependency graph
 - directed acyclic graph
 - nodes are tasks
 - there is an edge between task A and task B if B must be executed after A

Degrees of concurrency

- Maximum degree of concurrency: the maximum number of tasks that can be executed in parallel
- Average degree of concurrency: the average number of tasks that can be executed in parallel
- The average degree of concurrency is a more useful measure

Critical path

- Start nodes: nodes with no incoming edges
- Finish nodes: nodes with no outgoing edges
- Critical path: the longest directed path between any pair of start and finish nodes
- Critical path length: sum of the weights of the nodes on a critical path

ave degree of concurrency = $\frac{\text{total amount of work}}{\text{critical path length}}$

Example Task-dependency graph



- maximum degree of concurrency is 6
- critical path length is 5
- total amount of work is 14 (assuming each task takes one unit of time)
- average degree of concurrency is 14/5 = 2.8

- An assignment to 2 processes and the order in which the tasks are executed
- First number is the process number
- The speedup is 14/7 = 2



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- An assignment to 3 processes
- ▶ The speedup is 14/5 = 2.8



- An assignment to 4 processes
- ▶ The speedup is 14/5 = 2.8



What is the speedup on 8 processes?

Example: LU decomposition

- We want to compute the LU decomposition of a matrix A
- Assume A consists of 3 × 3 blocks
- We want

$$\begin{bmatrix} A_{11} & A_{12} & A_{13} \\ A_{21} & A_{22} & A_{23} \\ A_{31} & A_{32} & A_{33} \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} L_{11} & 0 & 0 \\ L_{21} & L_{22} & 0 \\ L_{31} & L_{32} & L_{33} \end{bmatrix} }_{L} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} U_{11} & U_{12} & U_{13} \\ 0 & U_{22} & U_{23} \\ 0 & 0 & U_{33} \end{bmatrix} }_{U}$$

- We need to determine the L_{ij} and U_{ij}
- Consider L times the first column of U
- We have
 - $A_{11} = L_{11}U_{11}$ compute L_{11} and U_{11} (1) $A_{21} = L_{21}U_{11}$ $L_{21} = A_{21}U_{11}^{-1}$ (2) $A_{31} = L_{31}U_{11}$ $L_{31} = A_{31}U_{11}^{-1}$ (3)
- From multiplying the first row of *L* times *U*, we obtain
 - $A_{12} = L_{11}U_{12} \qquad \qquad U_{12} = L_{11}^{-1}A_{21} \qquad (4)$
 - $A_{13} = L_{11}U_{13} \qquad \qquad U_{13} = L_{11}^{-1}A_{13} \qquad (5)$

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Then we write

 $A_{23} = L_{21}U_{13} + L_{22}U_{23}$

 $A_{32} = L_{31}U_{12} + L_{32}U_{22}$

 $A_{33} = L_{31}U_{13} + L_{32}U_{23} + L_{33}U_{33}$

$$A_{22} = L_{21}U_{12} + L_{22}U_{22} \qquad A'_{22} = A_{22} - L_{21}U_{12} = L_{22}U_{22} \qquad (6)$$

compute
$$L_{22}$$
 and U_{22} (7)

$$A_{23}' = A_{23} - L_{21}U_{13} = L_{22}U_{23}$$
 (8)

$$U_{23} = L_{22}^{-1} A_{23}' \qquad (9)$$

$$A_{32}' = A_{32} - L_{31}U_{12} = L_{32}U_{22} \qquad (10)$$

$$L_{32} = A'_{32} U_{22}^{-1} \qquad (11)$$

$$A_{33}' = A_{33} - L_{31} U_{13} \qquad (12)$$

$$A_{33}^{\prime\prime} = A_{33}^{\prime} - L_{32}U_{23} = L_{33}U_{33}$$
(13)

compute
$$L_{33}$$
 and U_{22} (14)

Foster's Metho	dology	Tasks	Degrees of concurrence	y Critical pa	ath Examples
•	Using the computat	right colum ion in the fol	n in (1–14), v Iowing tasks	ve can decomp	cose the
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	$A_{11} = L_{11} U_{12} = A_{21} U_{12} = L_{11} U_{12} = L_{11} U_{12} = L_{11} U_{13} = L_{11} U_{13} = L_{11} U_{13} = L_{11} U_{13} = A_{22} = A_{22} = A_{32} = A_{32} = A_{32} = A_{23} =$	$J_{11} \\ J_{11}^{-1} \\ J_{11}^{-1} \\ A_{21} \\ A_{13} \\ -L_{21} U_{12} \\ -L_{31} U_{12} \\ -L_{31} U_{13} \\ -L_{21} U_{13} \\ $		(compute LU fa	actorization)
9. <u>10.</u> 11. 12.	$ \begin{array}{l} A_{33} - A_{33} \\ \underline{A_{22}} = L_{22} \\ L_{32} = A_{32} \\ U_{23} = L_{22} \\ \end{array} $	$\frac{J_{22}}{J_{22}^{-1}}$ A_{23}'		(compute LU fa	actorization)
13. 14.	$A_{33}^{\prime\prime} = A_{33}^{\prime\prime} \ A_{33}^{\prime\prime} = L_{33} \ L_{3$	– Ľ ₃₂ U ₂₃ J ₃₃		(compute LU fa	actorization)

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	($ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \\ 5 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 6 \\ 9 \\ 7 \\ 12 \\ 11 \\ 13 \\ 14 \\ 14 \\ 14 \\ 14 \\ 14 \\ 14 \\ 11 \\ 14 \\ 11 \\ 11$		
	Figure:	Task-dependency graph	1	

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		$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		

Figure: Task distribution on 4 processes. Maximum speedup is 2