

Objectives

To analyze transmission reliability and predict battery life of mesh with Wasmotes by Libelium under a variety of configurations, e.g.

- Standard Water Sensors
- GPS Module
- ZigBee Module
- SD Card

pCharts

Visual formalism for analyzing quantitative properties of embedded systems:

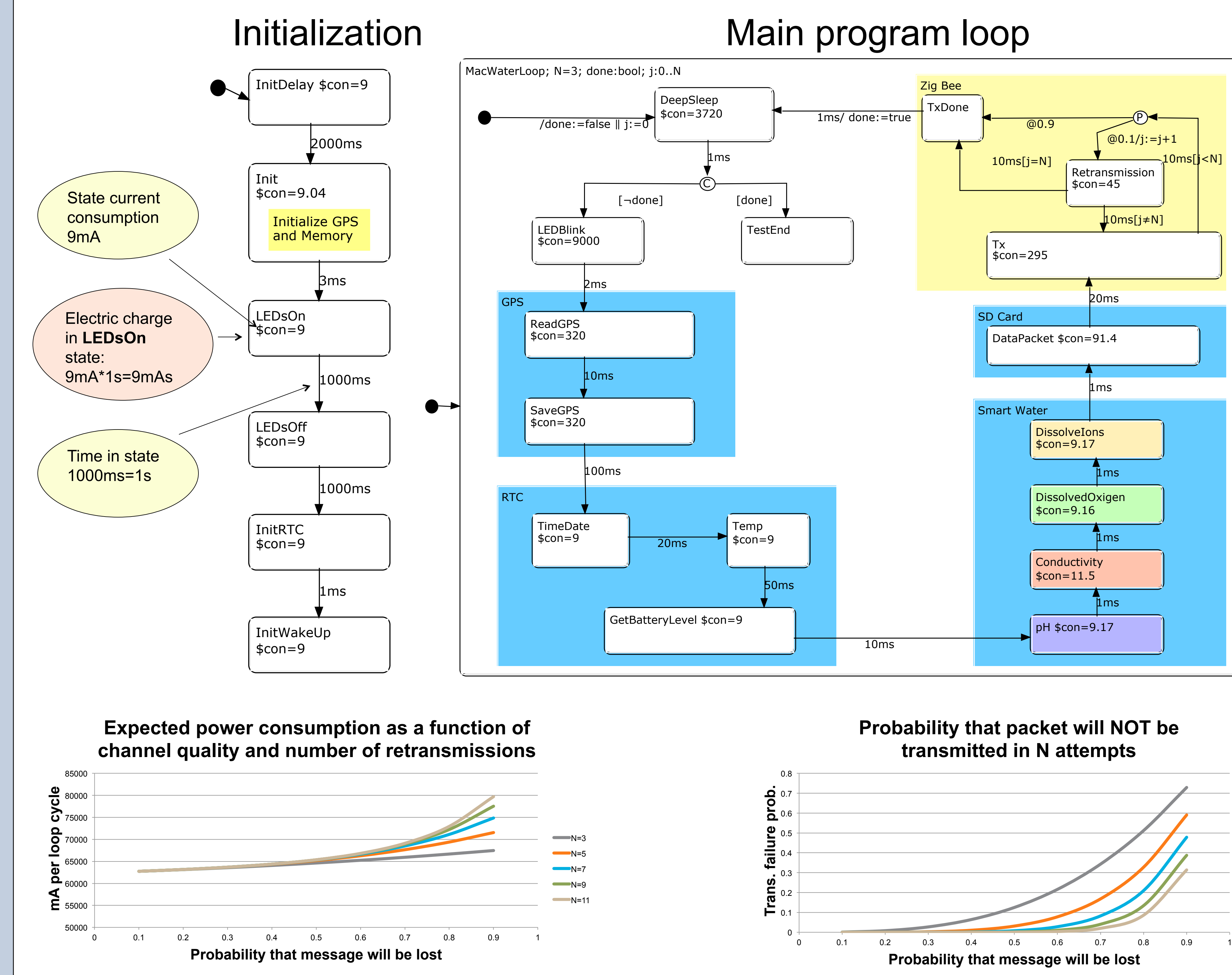
- Resource consumption (e.g. power)
- Reliability (e.g. lost messages, life expectancy)
- Performance (e.g. throughput)

Borrows hierarchical states, concurrent states, and broadcasting from statecharts, adds

- State invariants – safety conditions that can be attached to a state
- Probabilistic transitions – to quantify the uncertainty of the environments
- Stochastic timing – timed transitions with certain distribution
- Costs – real values associated with states or transitions (elapsed time, power consumption, number of messages successfully delivered)

pState is a tool for the automated analysis of pCharts and code generation from pCharts

Quantitative Verification with pState



Results

- Average current consumption: **0.99159** mA
- Average current consumption (no GPS, no SD): **0.40561** mA
- **95.2%** of time the sensor is in a **deep sleep** mode
- By increasing number of retransmissions, probability of messages successfully being transmitted is increased **exponentially**, but consumed power consumption is increased at the same rate

Conclusion

For battery capacity of 6600mAh and data transition of every 60s

- Battery life time = $(6600 * 3600\text{mAs}) / (0.99159\text{mA}) \approx$ **277** days
- Battery life time (no GPS, no SD) \approx **675** days

References

<http://pstate.mcmaster.ca/>
<http://www.libelium.com>

pState: A Probabilistic Statecharts Translator [Nok. & Sek. 13]

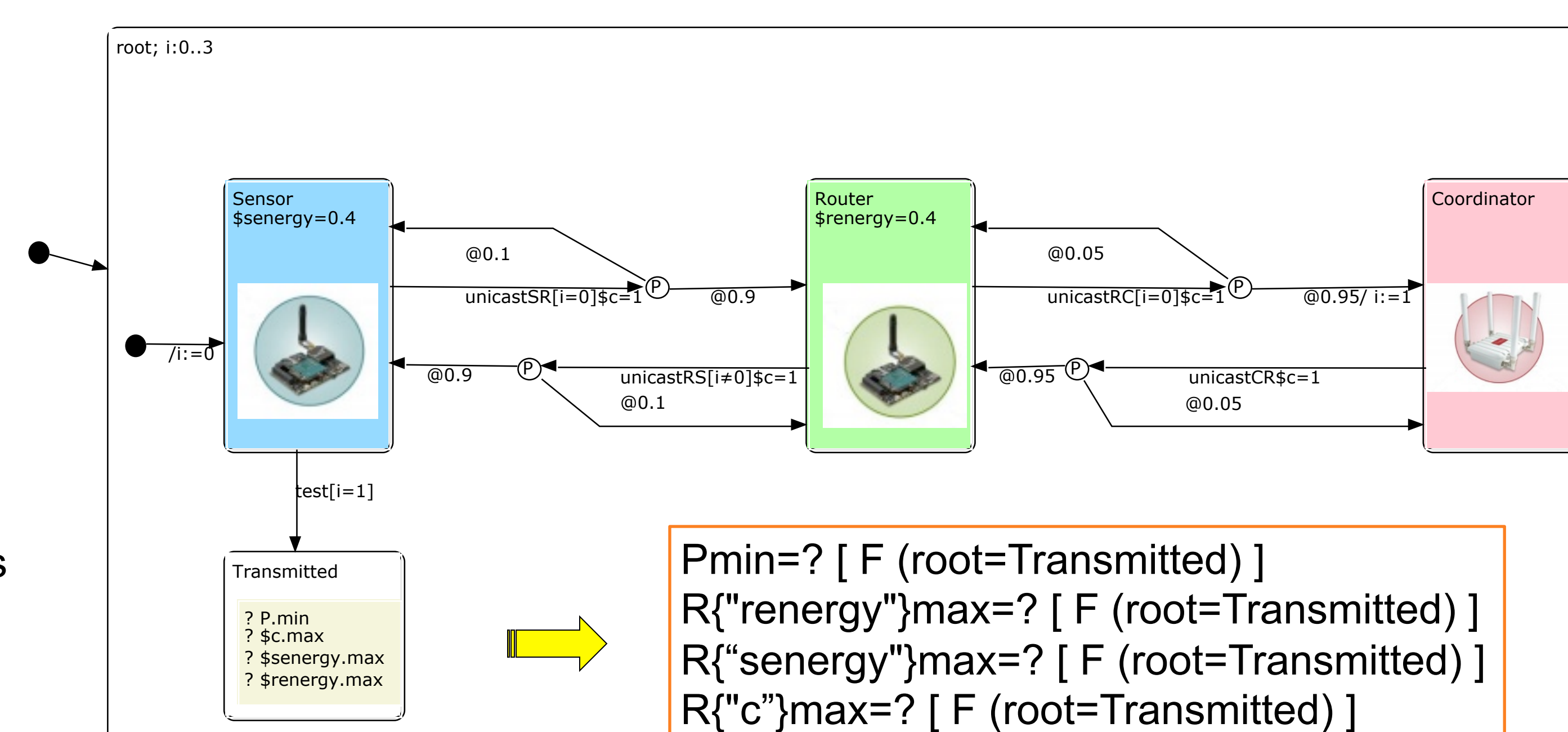
Verification and Code Generation for Timed Transitions in pCharts [Nok. & Sek. 14]

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Sensor-Router-Coordinator Communication

Modelling assumptions per transmission with acknowledgement

- Current: 1mA
- Voltage: 4V
- Time in Router: 100ms
- Time in Sender: 100ms
- Sensor consumption: 0.4mWs
- Router consumption: 0.4mWs



- Minimal probability that message is **eventually** transmitted: 1
- Maximum **expected consumption** on a router: 0.86549 mWs
- Maximum **expected consumption** on a sensor: 0.84444 mWs
- Maximum **expected number** of transitions: 4.32748